

Feed autonomy and animal welfare thanks to trees and woodlands

GO PEI AGROSYL was born from the willingness to provide innovative solutions to livestock farmers in Ariège, valuing local trees resources, as 50% of the superficies are covered in woodlands. Short terms targeted impacts are improvement of feed autonomy and income diversification, and long term impacts will be better resiliency towards climate change. 4 solutions are tested in pilot farms, on the basis of a diagnosis with farmers. Next move will be training livestock farmers and technicians, in order to promote these innovations at a local level.



A concerted approach of diagnosis

Trees, a relevant resource used by livestock farmers



80 livestock farmers were surveyed, in collaboration with partners from research, development and counselling

Percentages of livestock farmers with trees and woodlands



Hedges around permanent grassland

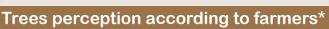


Woodlands



79 % of livestock farmers use their wood

Hedges around crops



* 62 farmers surveyed

A strength for the farm...

Animal shelter

92%

Landscape integration

Soil protection and biodiversity

57%

...with inconvenient

Increase of workload

Maintenance cost

Loss of production

5 needs identified by farmers

25 % sell their wood

- Animal welfare
- Feed autonomy
- Income diversification
- Expenses decrease
- Improving herd and grazing management

Experimentations to build local references

34 technical solutions identified... 4 solutions tested in 6 pilot farms



Forest chips for litter

- 2 pilot farms
- Study of cleanliness, wounds and animal behavior



Fodder trees

- 1 pilot farm
- Study of morus alba tree behavior and yields



Silvo-pastoralism

- 3 pilot farms
- Impact of thinning on grass and leaves production



Valuation of fruits

- 1 pilot farm
- Production of acorns and consumption by sheep







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